# The University of Kansas 

Department of Economics

## Quiz 1

Econ 526 - Introduction to Econometrics
Name:

## SECTION B - TRUE OR FALSE

1. Let $X$ be a random variable. Among the measures of central tendency of the distribution of $X$ we have $E(X)$ and $\operatorname{Med}(X)$.
$\bigcirc$ True $\bigcirc$ False
2. Let $X$ be a random variable with $E[X]=4$ and $\operatorname{Var}[X]=1$. Then $E\left[X^{2}\right]=16$.TrueFalse
3. Let $X$ and $Y$ be two independent random variables, such that $E[X]=4, E[Y]=5, \operatorname{Var}[X]=1$ and $\operatorname{Var}[Y]=2$. Then $\operatorname{Cov}(X, Y)=0$. $\bigcirc$ True $\bigcirc$ False
4. Let $X$ and $Y$ be two random variables. Then $\operatorname{Var}(X+Y)=\operatorname{Var}(X)+\operatorname{Var}(Y)$. Notice that the question does NOT provide any information if $X$ and $Y$ are independent. Don't assume anything not provided!
$\bigcirc$ True $\bigcirc$ False
5. Let $X$ and $Y$ be two random variables. If $\operatorname{Cov}(X, Y)=0$, then $X$ and $Y$ are independent.TrueFalse

## SECTION C - SHORT ANSWER

1. Let $X$ be a random variable and

$$
\bar{X}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{X_{i}}{n}
$$

be its sample average. Show that the sum of the deviations from the sample average is always equal to 0 , which means that $\sum_{i=1}^{n}\left(X_{i}-\bar{X}\right)=0$.

